## Atomic Structure [S]

 Draw an atom of sodium, showing the locations and numbers of all of its constituent particles: [3]

2. Fill out the following table of the relative charges and masses of subatomic particles: [6]

	Relative Mass	Relative Charge
Proton		
Neutron		
Electron		

- 3. Write the electronic configurations of the following atoms and ions:
  - a. K **[1]**
  - b. Si **[1]**
  - c. N<sup>3-</sup> [1]
  - d. Mg<sup>2+</sup> [1]

4.	Lithium has two	naturally occurring	isotopes,	lithium-6 and	lithium-7.
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- a. Define the term isotopes: [3]
- b. State and explain how the chemistry of these isotopes differs: [2]

c. Calculate the relative atomic mass of lithium given: [3]

Lithium-6 abundance = 7.5 %

Lithium-7 abundance = 92.5 %

d. Explain how both of these isotopes have the same atomic number: [2]

## Atomic Structure [S]

1. Draw an atom of sodium, showing the locations and numbers of all of its constituent

particles: [3]

**11 protons [1]** 

12 neutrons [1]

11 electrons arranged as 2:8:1 [1]

2. Fill out the following table of the relative charges and masses of subatomic particles: [6]

	Relative Mass	Relative Charge
Proton	1	+1
Neutron	1	0
Electron	1/1840	-1

- 3. Write the electronic configurations of the following atoms and ions:
  - a. K **[1]**

2:8:8:1

b. Si **[1]** 

2:8:4

c. N<sup>3-</sup>[1]

2:8

d. Mg<sup>2+</sup> [1] 2:8

4	Lithium has two	naturally	occurring i	sotones	lithium-6 a	nd lithium-7
→.	Littilatii ilas two	Haturan	, occurring i	solopes,	iitiiiuiii o a	na numan /.

- a. Define the term isotopes: [3]
  atoms with [1] same number of protons [1] but different number of neutrons[1]
- b. State and explain how the chemistry of these isotopes differs: [2]it doesn't [1]

because the number of electrons is the same [1]

c. Calculate the relative atomic mass of lithium given: [3]

Lithium-6 abundance = 7.5 %

Lithium-7 abundance = 92.5 %

$$(0.075*6) + (0.925*7) = 6.93$$

- [1] for each bracket
- [1] for the answer to either 1 or 2 decimal places
- d. Explain how both of these isotopes have the same atomic number: [2]

Atomic number = number of protons [1]

Number of protons is the same [1]